

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1834.

Juvenile Depravity.—The Portland Courier of the 11th inst. contains a report of a case recently tried before Judge Emery, at that place, which,—when we consider the youth of the culprit, the extreme cruelty of the acts perpetrated, and the novel ground taken by the defendants counsel,—is one of unusual interest.—The case alluded to is that of *The State vs Major Mitchell*, (a boy between 10 and 11 years of age) for maiming David F. Crawford (aged 7 1-2 years).—From the evidence of the injured boy, which is given in a very artless, and apparently candid manner, it appears that Major compelled him to go with him after some sweet flag, by threatening to whip him if he refused—that when he got him into the fields, he twice threw him down and beat him—that when David was rescued from him by a third person and sent home, Major intercepted him by crossing the fields, took him by the collar, forced him through a corn-field into a piece of woods, beat him severely, and then dragged him to an adjacent brook, and put him in. David crawled out upon his hands and knees, when Major seized him, tore off all his clothes—tied his hands upwards with twines to two trees, one to each tree, and then took off his suspenders and tied his feet with them. He made him eat brambles and boxberry leaves and put a handful of mud into his mouth, and when he spat it out, because he could not swallow it, he whipped him for it. Major then perpetrated the cruel and revolting maiming, while his victim was tied to the trees—then unloosed him, and dragging him to where a tree had been blown down, beat him with a club upon his face, and put him under the roots of the tree. He then carried him to the brook and threw him in, where it was about knee deep, and tried to hold his head under water, but he got away and got out. Major then promised if he would help him build a dam, he would let him go and when the work was completed, told him to "clear for home." David being unable to find his clothes, went home naked, and upon his arrival there, as testified by his mother, "was a gore of blood from his nose to his instep." At the time when he was tied to the trees, Major whipped him with six or more sticks,—told him he was going to give him 100 blows, and bid him count them. They both counted together up to 38, when Major could count no further, and David counted and skipped some. During the maiming, which was effected by the aid of a piece of tin, David "did not cry hardly a mite," because Major threatened to whip him harder if he did—although he suffered excruciating pain, he bore it in silence, so great was his fear of the young devil who was murdering him by inches. David was confined to the house above a week before he went out at all, and for two or three days his recovery was doubtful. In something over a fortnight he went to school.

Several other witnesses were called, who testified to Major's bad character, generally—but to his ability to distinguish between right and wrong, and his consequent ability to be guilty, in the eye of the law, of crime.

JOHN NEAL, Esq., the defendant's counsel, stated that he should expect to prove that the prisoner had received early in life an injury upon the skull, that the functions of the brain had become thereby disturbed—and that the formation of the skull indicated that the prisoner possessed certain *tuaps* or *proveniences* called in Phrenology, *destructiveness*, and that the prisoner was on these grounds incapable of crime in the eyes of the law. Among the witnesses introduced in the defense, were Doctors Bartlett, Barrett, and Mighels. Dr BARTLETT had examined the prisoner's head—discovered a depression on the top of it—no sign of injury to the head—Dr BARRETT had also examined the prisoner's head—should think there was an unusual depression about the junction of the parietal and frontal bones—don't know as he should have suffered injury to the skull from its appearance. The idea of injury might or might not have occurred to him. Dr MIGHELS, was a phrenologist, and had examined the prisoner's head; there was a greater want of symmetry in it, than usual—should think the depression on the top of the head was a congenital one—never knew an instance where a blow on the head changed the character of an individual—it might, however, produce inflammation, and thus disturb the functions of the brain. Here an attempt was made to introduce evidence of certain elevations and depressions of the skull of the prisoner; and their tendency and influence on the conduct, &c., according to the system of Phrenology, but the Judge interrupted—he cared nothing about Phrenology, and only wanted the witness' opinion as a Physician and Surgeon. The witness did not know, as a Surgeon, what would be the effect of the enlargement above the ear. It would, if Phrenology be true, be of a character which might exasperate in the mind the feeling of destructiveness.

The Attorney General cited several authorities as to the capacity of a boy of prisoner's age to commit crime—and after an able charge from the Judge, the jury retired, and in about ten minutes, returned a verdict of GUILTY. The prisoner was subsequently sentenced to nine years hard labor in the State Prison.

New York Election.—SAMUEL BEARDSLEY, against whom so great a clamor was raised by the Bank press, by publishing a partial extract of his deposit speech—"perish credit, perish commerce"—has succeeded in his election for Congress, by an increased majority. For Mr Beardsley, "much interest was felt by all the friends of our free institutions—his intrepidity during the storm, his devotion to the cause of the people, and the tremendous efforts used to crush him for the utterance of one of the noblest sentiments ever spoken in our legislative halls, drew general attention to his district—and had he failed, our opponents would have been as pleased as we are now."

Messrs Lemire and Isenbeck, teachers of music, and organists, will remain in this city for the present, for the purpose of practising their profession as teachers. Gentlemen better qualified to judge of their abilities than ourselves, affirm that they are well educated musicians, and excellent teachers. We hope they will meet with liberal encouragement.

Mr Elliott made a second successful balloon ascension at Charleston, S. C., on the 3d instant.

Chivalry.—He of the Commercial Gazette has thrown down his glove in behalf of the persecuted Mr George Poindexter, and denounces all who say ought against this immaculate gentleman, as "minions" and "scrubs," and dooms the press that publishes it to obscurity. He says "the Honorable Mr Poindexter requires no act of chivalry at his hands;" lucky for him that he does not, for the Editor of the Gazette would not lose a bowl of soup to save any man from annihilation. It still becomes the Gazette to talk of the obscurity of a Press which publishes *four times* as many numbers daily as it does itself, and whose country circulation is in the same ratio. But the *changeling* whose principles are in proportion to his interest, does not stop at anything: "one renegade is worse than ten Turks;" yet we should not have thought he would have alluded to "the man who had had his domestic relations assailed by the tongue of slander"—perhaps the enthusiastic Whig Editor of the Gazette, who joined that party because he was convinced they had the most patronage to bestow, does not recollect the vilies of all vile abuse which was heaped upon Mrs Jackson until she was driven, broken-hearted, into the grave, and that even *there* her ashes have been disturbed, and the sacredness of the tomb violated, by the *injured* Mr Poindexter! The honorable gentleman's claims to forbearance are as small as the Gazette's to political integrity, or manly independence.

Whig Legislators from Boston.—Great things are anticipated from our City Representatives, at the ensuing session. One of them will probably renew his old position for intermarrying the whites with the blacks, out of gratitude to the latter for turning the election in favor of the Whig ticket.

Our quondam friend D. will endeavor to get through the House "An Act to promote the manufacture of Weathercocks, and for the better encouragement of twisting, turning, and other mechanical processes in the arts."

The Aldermen Legislators, it is confidently expected by the wharfingers, will propose an alteration in the City Charter, by which all persons shall be disqualified from holding the office of Alderman, unless they shall previously qualify themselves by entering into the Lumber and Grain trade.

The veteran Major will signalise his knowledge of the international code, by proposing such an alteration in Law of Nations as will tend to encourage the formation of Northern Confederacies in time of war.

The intended labors at the Senate board we shall notice, when the rumors on that subject shall be more definite than at present.

The Elections for members of the next Congress, have been held in the states of Louisiana, Illinois, Maine, South Carolina, Ohio, Georgia, Pennsylvania, New Jersey and New York, and the results ascertained. The elections in Vermont, Delaware and Massachusetts have been held, but the results not yet ascertained.

Democratic Banksites.

Louisiana,	1	2
Illinois,	3	
Maine,	5	2
South Carolina,	2	7
Ohio,	9	10
Pennsylvania,	17	11
New Jersey,	6	
New York,	31	9
Georgia,	0	
	33	41

One vacancy in Maine, which will be filled by a democrat.

New York.—Marcy's majority is ascertained to be THIRTEEN THOUSAND SIX HUNDRED AND SEVENTY. Eight of the ten Senators chosen are Jackson men, so that the whole Senate will stand 28 Jackson to 4 Bankites. The Assembly 92 Jackson, 35 Bank—Jackson's majority in joint ballot 12.

The Election.—Returns from 223 towns give—

Morton.	Davis.	Bailey.	Allen.
1988	37,721	8,464	1,646

In Dock Square, near Faneuil Hall, the reader will find a large Omnibus, full of curiosities of different kinds, and belonging to a Mr Dexter, a man totally blind and with but one arm, who depends upon the proceeds of the exhibition for support. One of the best automaton exhibitions we have ever seen, is fitted up at one end of the Omnibus—representing rope dancers, waltzers, house-wives, gentlemen of leisure, military companies, and professors of the mechanic arts. The object of the exhibition is praiseworthy and a look at the articles exhibited well worth the nine-penny-bit costs.

The Constellation, a paper published at Petersburg, Va., has commenced the publication of the "Wandering Piper's" letters, with which the author has furnished the Editor. The following anecdote, which occurred at the commencement of his journey, may be worth reading:—

"I passed through Drumthwistle, Laurance-kirk, and Auchenea, without ever unloading my musical wallet, and arrived at the village of Tetterain, in the evening, where I was obliged to take up my quarters for the night. The landlord of the inn, who, with reverence be it spoken, was as drunk as a piper, pretended to know me for some great personage, although he could not, he said, "descend as to particulars," but, at all events, I should get such usage in his house, as I would not meet with its like again in all my travels. In this respect I believe he spoke the truth; for I got such a poor supper, and such a bad bed, that the meanest beggar in Scotland would hardly have thanked him for the entertainment, and the bill was so high charged, that the first lord in the land would not have disgraced by it. I left the subjoined lines in the mean diary stall where I slept:

A piper, worn with care and age,
Was lodg'd a night in this vile cage;
As close and hot as satan's regions,
And fill'd with fleas in num'ro as legions;

* * * * *

Let never traveller any more,
Set foot within this cabin door."

Amount of gold coined at the mint, up to Nov 8—

\$2,708,900

Remaining uncoined,

200,200

The Warren, for to-night, has a great bill. Pelly as Othello, Booth as Iago, and Miss Pelly as Desdemona; the rest of the cast is of corresponding strength.

The spirit has departed from the Lowell Daily Journal—it died of the Locke-jaw on Wednesday last.

TRIAL OF THE SPANISH PIRATES.

[U. S. Circuit Court, Thursday, Nov. 13.—Testimony of Jose Perez, U. S. evidence, continued.]

The Court met at 9 A. M., when D. L. Child, Esq., opened the cross-examination, which he prosecuted with extraordinary minuteness and indefatigable zeal, till the adjournment of the court. During this cross-examination, several additional facts, relative to the proceedings of the pirate crew, were elicited, in confirmation of what he testified to on the examination in chief, on Wednesday; while on his other hand, some of his statements seemed to militate with his previous testimony.

Joseph Perez—[cross-ex.] The cargo of our schooner consisted of 60 pipes new rum—bales of clothing, 30 bundles, all sizes—some dry goods—pieces of cloth—250 muskets—powder—flints—boxes of swords and cutlasses—barrel knives—2 boxes axes—heads, necklaces—I shipped for \$20 per month—able seamen had \$25. ** It is customary in all vessels going and returning from the coast of Africa to have a man in the tops—the Pinda was painted black with a white streak—billet head—before she left Nazareth, the billet head was taken off, and an awkward piece of wood put on—we made her a two-topsail schooner—3 or 4 days after the robbery she put up her mainmast—she saw an hermaphrodite brig while we were robbing the Mexican—then a ship, which we ran away from—some of the sailors said she was a man-of-war—don't know whether she chased us or not, but she came nearer—saw the captain take a pistol, which came from the American brig, out of the 3rd mate's hand, and throw it overboard—Capt Gibert said he did not want any such thing on board—wanted nothing but money. *** The 3rd mate had a sword—the sailor had knives ground sharp at the point, like daggers—*is customary* to give the men jackknives, but the men themselves bring long knives in their bags. * * *

That day the captain said to the men—"Boys take off your hats and put on your caps, and change about." Those that were obedient took their hats off, and those who were not kept theirs on. *** I cannot read Spanish, much less English—all the letters of the alphabet which I know is, P, D, O, and U, [witness then explained that he meant written or Italian characters—he succeeded in making out nearly all the letters in print, and read a number of words correctly in the Spanish translation of the indictment.] I want to tell how I got \$250—the boatswain \$50—Delgado \$300—Montenegro \$250, and the mate \$2,400—he confessed his guilt in Sierra Leon, [at this point the witness spoke so fast that it was impossible to interpret, or take down his testimony—he was therefore repeatedly interrupted, till losing all patience, he exclaimed in English—"I will say, and by G—d I will!"—and when checked again, misunderstood a remark, and drew the inference that he was rendering himself liable to the same punishment as the other prisoners, by what he was testifying. He in consequence became excited, and was made quite frantic by Capt. Gibert's remarking to him, that he took him on board of his schooner out of charity. The interpreters were requested to take him out and tranquillize him, by an explanation. When they returned Judge Story requested the interpreters to assure him, if laboring under any delusion of danger, of his perfect safety. Mr Child objected to any such intimacy being given, but Mr Dunlap moved that he be assured that the faith and honor of the government pledged to him by its legal officers, should be faithfully kept. Mr Child replied, with great vehemence, to this motion, and concluding by saying—"I believe the unhappy men at this bar are totally innocent of the crime they are charged with—I believe them to be the victims of one of the foulest plots that was ever contrived." The assurance, however, was given, and the confidence of the witness being restored he proceeded

* * * * There was nothing said about dividing the money till the English had taken the schooner. The captain had \$4000 of the money in his trunk when he ran her ashore. *The captain brought a watch, valued at \$100, and a shaving machine, worth \$400, from Peñon de Isla.*—Know they were bought with the stolen money, because the vessel had not a quarter of a cent, when she left Havana—was captain's steward. * * * The negro interpreter took the money the captain had, at the time the English came to Nazareth, and hid it in his own yard—we buried \$11,000 at Cape Lopez—don't recollect the day we dug it up again—left \$5000 for the captain—doesn't recollect the day, because he was so afraid of being made a prisoner—had never been in such a dirty scrape before—we five that went to Fernando Po threw our money overboard, because the boatswain said it would be our own condemnation—when the captain called me to receive my share of the money, it was laying by his side on the floor—\$250—he said, "You may want a little money to buy clothes, and you may go, as you have been wanting to go this long time." The captain had a knife in his bosom—I believe his intention was to kill any one who refused to take his share of the money—the boatswain had \$500—Garcia \$400—Castillo \$250—Montenegro \$250—Delgado \$300—the mate, De Soto, \$2,400—the 3d mate ran away at Lopez, and the captain sent him \$1000, by the carpenter—there was no rule agreed upon for dividing the money—the captain was the sole owner, and did as he had a mind to with it—he had one lot of \$4000, and another of \$5000—don't know what became of the rest. * * *

When carpenter failed to blow up the schooner on the beach, captain asked why he did not spread powder on the deck, tie a string to the lock of the gun, and as he rowed ashore give it a slant, and thus fire it off among the powder on the deck, and so set fire to her—had purchased 60 slaves—the schooner was to carry 450 slaves.

* * * At Fernando Po, I denied that I belonged to the Pinda at first, but when put under oath I confessed that I did belong to her—by advice of boatswain, we agreed to say we belonged to the Spanish brig Little Negro, which was cast away—the boatswain continued to say so, till confronted by a Portuguese, who had seen him on board of the Pinda, when he owned it—when examined there I was put into a room by myself—Delgado also confessed—the Governor made him sign a paper—they never offered me anything—it was my own fear that made me declare—say that if I lied, and it turned out that I belonged to the Pinda, I should be hung—my heart failed me, and I told the whole story. They had a newspaper there containing an account of the robbery of the Mexican. When I spoke of the \$20,000, one of the clerks took up the paper, and said "True," and a look at the articles exhibited well worth the nine-penny-bit.

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The preceding abstract embraces the main facts, and a general outline of the cross examination of Perez, so far as it has advanced. At four in the afternoon the witness, having been subjected for the space of seven hours, to a most pressing and scrutinizing investigation, became exhausted and irritated, and Mr Dunlap interrupted it by a motion to adjourn. *Adjourned.*

The following extraordinary incident and miraculous escape appears in the Lexington, (Ky.) Observer: "A gentleman in the neighborhood of this city, in riding across his farm a few days since, was suddenly surprised and alarmed to find his horse gradually sinking into the earth. He instantly leaped from the animal, and by so doing his own life was providentially saved. The horse continued to sink lower and lower into the earth, until he had descended one hundred and fifty feet. At this point, he became wedged between masses of rock, and was crushed to death. The chasm or fissure, we are told, appears to have been formed by the separation of the earth and rock in some convulsion of nature. The width of the fissure at the surface we have not learned, but it was covered with a thin soil, which commenced giving way as soon as the weight of the gentleman and his horse was added to it."

J. P. T. B.

Samuel L. Southard.—It is not so generally known as it should be, that the vindictive spirit in which Mr Southard keeps up his abuse of the President, arises from a private transaction between them, which took place in July, 1826. Mr Southard then made assertions relative to general Jackson, which produced a correspondence between them. The general demanded Mr S.'s author, and Mr S. as usual, twisted, turned, winced, looked impudent, and said, in amount, that he had, and that he had not, made the assertions alluded to—that he had, and had not, an author for them—that his conversation was "unofficial," and that, (the whopper!) he meant the general no harm! The general could not do other than despise him—he told him as much—buttoned the falsehood on the then Secretary's lips, and left him. That falsehood has cankered there, and every thing that has passed out of those lips since, touching the President, has been putrescent.—*Trenton Emporium.*

A letter received in this city from Marseilles, announces the death of Geo. B. Adams, Esq., U. S. Consul at Alicante, Spain, Sept. 10. Mr Adams was a native of this city, but has resided in Spain for the last 18 years.—*Trans.*

Steamboat Lost.—A letter from Lake Providence under date of the 8th, says :

"I am sorry to have to advise you of the total loss of the steamboat Return, on the 6th inst. She struck something, as yet unknown, in crossing the bar at the head of Stock Island, and hung on the same. She leaked so fast, that the exertions of the crew and many of the passengers availed nothing—in one hour she was nearly broken in two—some of the furniture was got off, and we are endeavoring to save a part of the engine—passengers and crew safe."—*Philad. Inq.*

Uncommon Occurrence.—On Thursday last some persons were opening an old well in Hawkins street, for the purpose of placing in it a suction pipe. Before any attempt was made to descend, a light was brought, in order, by letting it down, to ascertain whether the air was fit for respiration. The moment the light was held over the well an instantaneous combustion took place, emitting a bright blue flame, accompanied with intense heat, and juring the ground and buildings for some rods around. Two men who were standing at the top of the well were considerably scorched and blistered.—*N. Y. Daily Advertiser.*

Singular suit for damages.—The editor of the Painesville (Ohio) Telegraph has been sued and cast in damages of \$53.41, for printing the name of a lawyer thus, "isaac paine"—the lawyer putting forth, in his plea for damages, that it was a libel, and signified that he was a man of "mean and small capacity."—*N. Y. Daily Advertiser.*

Stringing Onions.—Two fair damsels, of Wethersfield, lately braided up seven hundred bunches of onions in one day. One hundred and fifty is accounted a day's work. It would have done one's eyes good to witness such nimble fingered operations.—

FOR SALE.

A new genteel brick dwelling house, pleasantly situated in South Cedar street, No 5. This house is built in a thorough and workmanlike manner, contains 9 rooms, well supplied with closets. The parlors have sliding doors, elegant marble chimneys, pictures, grate, &c. The kitchen, on the same floor with the parlors, well supplied with both kinds of water; an excellent cellar, good yard, and possesses other advantages which renders it a very desirable place of residence. For further particulars inquire of T. M. HOWARD, next door.

epis-etc

FOR NEW ORLEANS—PACKET LINE.

The superior fast sailing ship JACOB PERKINS, Henry Shoot, master, is loading at India wharf, and will sail tomorrow. For light freight, or steerage passage, apply to S. R. ALLEN, No 110 Milk st.

nov 14
1828

FREIGHT FOR NEW ORLEANS.

Vessels bound to New Orleans can have heavy freight, by applying to S. R. ALLEN, No 110 Milk st.

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1828

FOR BATAVIA AND CHINA.

The superior ship SURAT, N. T. Osgood, master, B. P. Tilden, second, will sail the 25th of November. Goods may be freighted for delivery or in vestment, also exchange and specie will receive attention, at part or parts as per orders of shippers. For terms of freight and conditions, please apply to JOHN TYLER, No 9 Central wharf, or to the supercargo and master on board.

6-30-2wts

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.

The superior shipper bark LEDA, S. Picket, master, is loading at India wharf and will sail on SATURDAY next, for freight, which will be taken low, apply to S. R. ALLEN, No 110 Milk st.

7-8-1828

FOR MOBILE.

To touch at Pensacola, if freight offers—

The new brig BEER, has part of her freight engaged—for balance, or passage, apply to JAMES ANDREWS & SON, 8 Central wharf.

istc n12

FOR APALACHICOLA.

A fast sailing brig will have despatch—for freight or passage, apply to JAMES ANDREWS & SON, 8 Central wharf.

1stc n12

SALT LANE.—Notice is hereby given to all persons interested, that the Mayor and Aldermen will, on MONDAY next, at 4 o'clock, P. M. at their room, City Hall, take into consideration the expediency of laying a Common Sewer in Salt Lane, and assessing the expense thereon upon those whose estates shall be benefited thereby, according to law.

Any person objecting to the same may then and there be heard. By order of the Mayor and Aldermen.

n14 S. P. McGLEARY, City Clerk.

NOTICE TO TAILORS.—The subscriber invites the tailors of Boston and its vicinity, to call and see in operation at his shop, in Charlestown, a superior Stove heretofore unknown, invented and made by Joseph Kennedy, of South Boston, for the purpose of heating rooms, and I can also highly recommend it for warming rooms, by use of which kinds of fuel can be used at a moderate expense. Hard coal is preferable.

WILLIAM McELROY.

co4w

CHARLESTOWN, Mass. Nov 14, 1831.

HANDEL & HAYDN SOCIETY COLLECTION, Just published, a new and beautiful edition of the Boston Handel and Haydn Society Collection of Church Music.

Also—the 3d edition of the "Choir," and the 24th edition of the Bridgewater Collection. For sale by MARSH, CAPEN & LYON, 133 Washington st.

n14

NEW ANTHEM FOR THANKSGIVING.—Will be published and for sale on Wednesday next, by MARSH, CAPEN & LYON, two new and admirable Anthems for Thanksgiving Day; the words—"Thou openest thy hand and fillest all things living with plenteousness." One by Lowell Mason, the other by J. Padron.

n14

FLOWERS.—WTHAYER, No 22 Hanover st. has just received a large and elegant assortment of Feather and Tinsel Flowers, suitable to be worn at balls, parties, &c. and will be sold very low. Ladies in want of the above article will do well to call before purchasing.

n14

COLORED RICE PAPER.—COTTONS & BARNARD, 184 Washington st., have just received a small case of Coloured Rice Paper, which they can sell low by the thousand or single hundred.

n14

CLERK WANTED.—An active, faithful and experienced Clerk is wanted in an extensive Wholesale West India goods store. Address S. A. J. stating references, &c. through the post office.

n14

SOAP.—2000 boxes Brown Soap, 20 lbs each, manufactured by Charles Morse, Roxbury—forsale by F. E. WHITE, episiot 22 Long wharf.

n14

SITUATION WANTED.—A strong, active man wants a situation to do the laboring work of a store, packing goods, &c.—apply at 18 Exchange st.

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SITUATION WANTED.—A young man wants a situation to tend bar or drive a hansom stage coach—apply at 18 Exchange st.

n14

YOUNG MEN WANTED.—Several young men are wanted in stores, families, &c.—apply at 18 Exchange st.

n14

WANTED.—A young man to work in a family—A young man as servant in a private family.

Also—a man to work in a hansom house.

Also—a man to work in a public house.

Also—a boy in a dry goods store.

Also—a boy to learn a tailor's trade.

For the above situations, apply at No 14 Milk street.

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CARPETINGS, &c.—TABER & SMITH have received by the last arrivals, BRUSSELS, 3 PLV, DAMASK, and INGRAN CARPINGS, BOCKINGS, RUGS and PAINTED FLOOR CLOTHS. Also—French embossed centre TABLE COVERS, a new article—at No 57 Washington street, 4 doors north of Court st.

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FALL CLOTHING.—R. RESTEAUX, Jr. 25 Cornhill street, has just received his Fall supply of CLOTHES, CASSIMERS & VESTINGS, of the latest styles, which he will make to order, at the lowest prices, for Cash. His friends and the public are requested to call before purchasing.

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13 Long wharf.

COGNAC BRANDY.—20 half pipes, and 5 whole do, Cognac Brandy, "Felleysen" brand.

10 half pipes do, "A-Signette" brand, now landing, per schr Mohican, and Cambridge, all entitled to debature, and for sale by JAMES LEEDS, JR. & CO.

n12

episit

13 Long wharf.

SITUATION WANTED.—A man who is capable of keeping accounts, or of doing the work of a store, wishes to give his employer to the last five years. Inquire at this office, or at No 20 Water st.

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Dog Lost.—Strayed from the subscriber, a Newfoundland dog, black, tipped with white—2 years old, answers to the name of "HARRY." Whoever will return said dog to the subscriber, shall be generously rewarded. THOMAS DODSON, North Square.

istf

now 10

ASPECTABLE MARRIED LADY wishes a situation in a genteel family as Wet Nurse. The best of references can be given. Enquire at No 6 Leverett st.

n10

FRENCH FOULARD CALICOES.—One case Kaleidoscope Patterns, very rich—just received on consignment, and for sale by E. K. WHITTAKER.

episit

13 Long wharf.

NOTICE.—All persons having demands against me are requested to present them for immediate payment, at my Brush Manufactory, No 19 Exchange street, Boston.

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JOHN G. MCMURRAY.

STORE TO BE LET.—Store No 32 Union street, calculated for Furniture, or W. L. goods, having a good cellar. Apply to A. COTTING, in Joy's Buildings.

epif

W. M. ANDREWS, Constable, South Boston.

CAMPACHY LOGWOOD.—200 tons first quality.

For sale by KENDALL & KINGSBURY, 17 India wharf.

epif

13 Long wharf.

NOTICE.—Mr BREWER, who purchased Stoves on Saturday last, is requested to call and settle for the same.

J. M. ALLEN.

DR. A. ANDREW respectfully tender his sincere thanks to his friends and patrons for the past season, for their patronage, and begs leave to inform them that he has obtained a good quantity of medicines for the cure of Cancers and Wens, Scrofulous Humours of all kinds, old and bad Ulcers, and has done in many stages—all of which he challenges any physician to beat him in performing a cure quicker and more effectually than he can. His medicines are safe and easy to apply. Good reference can be given if required.

Call at No 2 North Square.

3m 630

CAUTION.—Whereas one or two persons in this city have represented they have obtained my skill in curing the above diseases, and have deceived some persons, I wish to inform the public it is false. Beware of impostors, fellow citizens.

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NOTICE.—To the publisher of the Morning Post—Dear Sir—having seen in your paper a statement of some facts in this city, who signs his name Dr A. Andrew, and challenges any person or physician to perform the various cures that I safely accept the challenge of the said Dr Andrew, whenever he may be.

DR. C. GATES,

epif

No 133 Hanover st.

epif

WANTED.—A young man to take care of a horse and cow, a few miles in the country—apply at No 4 Brattle square.

nov 5

TREMONT THEATRE.

SECOND NIGHT OF THE SERGEANT'S WIFE.

MISS PHILLIPS! and MR. J. WALLACK !!

THIS EVENING, November 14th,

Will be performed the celebrated Play in 5 acts, called

OTHELLO: *The Moor of Venice.*

MASTER WALTER, MR J. WALLACK JULIA, MISS PHILLIPS

To conclude with the admired Drama of the

SERGEANT'S WIFE.

Caronch, Mr Comer. Isotie, Mrs Barrett.

* * * Doors open at 6 o'clock. Performance commence at 8 o'clock.

* * * Prices, 1st and 2d Tiers of Boxes \$1. Third Tier of Boxes 75 cents. Pit 50 cents. Gallery 25 cents.

CLOTHES DRESSING, in a superior style.—W. S. JINNINGS, No 110 Milk street, will commence the business of Cleaning Dressing on a new plan, entirely different from any ever practised in this city, and warrants to make all worn and faded garments appear equal to new; restoring faded colors; removing all kinds of grease spots, stains of paint, tar, &c. without the least injury to the cloth.

W. S. J. from his long practical knowledge of the business having been regularly brought up to it from infancy, and therefore having a full understanding of the nature of improving clothes—assuredly that he can give the utmost satisfaction to all who will please extend their patronage. Being a Tailor by trade, gentleman's garments will be altered and repaired in the neatest manner.

N. B.—All orders in the above line will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

CAUTION.—Whereas the above Card has been copied and circulated, intimating a copartnership, I therefore deem it an indispensable duty to caution the public against such a glaring imposition, and more especially, as the individuals alluded to are scammed by profession, and consequently totally ignorant as regards the face of this advertisement.

W. S. JINNINGS, 9 Flagg alley.

CHURCH MUSIC, of every description constantly for sale at the South End Bookstore, No 362 Washington st. over the Boylston Market, viz :

The Ancient Lyre, by Ch. Zemer.

The Harp.

The Choir, by Lowell Mason.

The National Church Harmony, by N. D. Gould.

The New England Hayden Society Collection.

The Harmonist, by George Kingsley.

The New Village Harmony, by C. Zeuner.

Also, Sacred Melodies, composed and arranged as Solos, Duets, &c. by Lowell Mason and G. J. Webb.

All of the above are offered at wholesale or retail, at the lowest cash prices. Teachers and country traders are respectfully invited to call.

JAMES B. DOW.

M&Thistf

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OMNIBUS OF FINE ARTS.

Or VEHICLE OF WONDERFUL PHENOMENA.

M. J. DEXTER, the proprietor of this novel and interesting curiosity, has the pleasure to announce to the citizens of Boston, that he has located his carriage for a few days, by permission of the city authorities, near Fenwick Hall, where those who are disposed to patronize an unfortunate man, totally blind and with but one arm, may have an opportunity, at small expense, of gratifying both their taste and their benevolence.

The Vehicle is of sufficient capacity to accommodate one hundred and fifty persons at one time, and besides

Landscape and other paintings, the most Wonderful Marvels ever exhibited in this country. More than two hundred Automata perform various and curious evolutions—such as Waltzing to music, &c.

Having been many years Organists, they have to offer their services in that capacity; also for the Tuning of Organs and Pianos—which has been a part of their professional calling, and which they understand in the most thorough manner.

Terms liberal, and made known at their residence, 8 Hanover st.

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